



# **SNOHOMISH HEALTH DISTRICT**Confidential FAX line: (425) 339-8707

# CONFIDENTIAL SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASE CASE REPORT

Report STDs within three workdays (WAC 246-101-101/301)

Adapted from WA DOH form: DOH 347-102

PATIENT INFORMATION														
PATIENT INFORMATION  LAST NAME  AUDDIE NAME  DATE OF RIDTH														
LAST NAME				FIRST NAME							DATE OF BIRTH			
				<u> </u>				M			T ' T			YR
ADDRESS				CITY							STATE ZIP CO		ZIP COD	)E
		<u> </u>												
TELEPHONE EMAIL				AL .			<b>ENGLISH SPEAKING?</b> — Yes			1	DIAGNOSIS DATE			
				No/Lang:			- М	D DAY YR			<b>r</b>			
			ER IDENTITY				·				ck all that apply)			
l —		☐ Mal							<del></del>					
		☐ Fem	nale $\qed$ Transgendonbinary/Genderqueer $\qed$ Other:						' I —	nerican Indian / Alaskan Native				
Refused			indiary/defiderqueer 🗀 Other							lative Hawaiian / Other Pacific Islander				
CURRENTLY REASON FOR EXA			AM GENDER OF SEX PA			TNERS (check all that apply) HIV STA			HIV STATU	*Submit HIV/AIDS Case Report   CURRENTLY				
PREGNANT?	_ ' ' ' '			☐ Male			☐ Transgender MTF			_ '				ON PrEP?
☐ Yes ☐ No			- I			<ul><li>☐ Transgender FTM</li><li>☐ Other</li></ul>			•				☐ Yes	
☐ Unknown	, , , , , , , ,					☐ Other ☐ Unknown			-			□ No □ NA		
□ NA			(No symptoms) Genderqueer				- Chikilewii			it test (unknown status)				
DIAGNOSIS -	DISEASE													
GONORRHEA	-	med)					SY	PHILIS						
DIAGNOSIS (check one)				TREATMENT (		-			-	check one	-			
<ul><li>☐ Asymptomatic</li><li>☐ Symptomatic, Uncomplicated</li></ul>			☐ Cervix ☐ Ceftriaxo☐ Urethra ☐ Cefixime:			ne:				☐ Primary (Chancre, etc.) ☐ Secondary (Rash, etc.)				
			☐ Urine ☐ Azithrom							☐ Early Latent (< 1 year)				
☐ Ophthalmia			☐ Rectum ☐ Doxycycline:			: 100 mg BID x 7 days			Unknown Duration or Late					
<ul><li>Disseminated</li><li>Other Complications:</li></ul>			Pharynx Gentamicin:						Congenital					
			☐ Vagina ☐ Gemifloxacii☐ Ocular ☐ Other:						ANIFESTATIONS (check all that apply):					
			Other: Date Prescribed				<u> </u>			Neurologic Otic Ocular Tertiary				
CHLAMYDIA (lab confirmed)										EEATMENT (check one):				
DIAGNOSIS (check one)			SITES (all that apply):   TREATMENT (c			check all prescribed):			cillin L - A: 🔲 2.4 MU IM x 1					
☐ Asymptomatic		i	☐ Cervix I ☐ Azithro			thromycin: 1 g				2.4 MU IM x 3				
<ul><li>Symptomatic, Uncomplicate</li><li>Pelvic Inflammatory Disease</li></ul>						xycycline: 100 mg BID x 7 days vofloxacin: 500 mg daily x 7 days					xycycline: L 100 mg BID x 14 days			
☐ Ophthalmia		1	Rectum Dther:							☐ 100 mg BID x 28 days				
☐ Other Complications:		-	☐ Pharynx			Ber				nzath N-G:	nzathine			
		;	☐ Vagina ☐ Ocular								· · · · · ·			
Date Tested:										queous 18-24 MU/day IV rystalline for 10-14 days				
HERPES SIMP								enicillin G:						
DIAGNOSIS			ABORATORY (					ther:						
Genital (initial infection only)								D	Date Prescribed:					
Neonatal No Lymphogranuloma Venereum Date Prescribed:  PARTNER TREATMENT PLAN (check one or more options)														
					ng partners in-pe	rson or b	v proc	cribing modicat	ion for natio	ntc to	givo to th	oir c	ov partno	rs (soo sido 2
for additional in			eatment by en	nei treati	ng partners m-per	3011 01 1	y pres	-	•		_		•	•
☐ In-person e	valuation - N	Number c	of partners trea	ted follow	ving medical evalu	uation:		_ i:	Turn over for P	artner	Treatment P	lan In	structions	
					hom provider pre									
	-				*Patient-delivere	ed treatm	ent is r	not recommend	ed for men w	ho hav	e sex with	men	or patient	ts with syphilis
REPORTING														
DATE	FACII	ИΕ		DIAGNOSING CLINICIAN										
ADDRESS						CITY					ZI			
PERSON COMI	)RM			TELEPHON	NE			EMAIL						

#### PARTNER MANAGEMENT PLAN INSTRUCTIONS

## **Gonorrhea or Chlamydia Infection: Partner Treatment**

All partners should be treated as if they are infected.

The Washington State Department of Health strongly encourages providers to take responsibility to ensure partner treatment for heterosexuals, by examining and treating all patient's sex partners from the previous 60 days.

If an examination is not possible, providers should offer medication for all sex partners whom patients are able to contact.

Snohomish Health District may be able to provide free medication to your patient to give to his or her partner(s), if resources permit. Please contact your local health jurisdiction to report cases and inquire about partner management resources, possibly including EPT medications.

Snohomish Health District recommends you refer all MSM patients and all patients with syphilis or newly diagnosed HIV to the health department for help notifying partners to ensure that partners receive medication, the opportunity to test for HIV, syphilis, gonorrhea, and chlamydia, and evaluation for HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP). Please inform the patient that the health department will contact them to assist with partner notification.

Although the Health Department requests that you refer patients with these risks to us, we also ask that you make every effort to help patients assure that their partners are treated.

Complete the partner management plan on the Confidential Sexually Transmitted Disease Case Report FAX form to define a partner management plan.

For copies of this case report or questions on how to fill it out, call Snohomish Health District: (425) 339-5261.

# Other STDs: Partner Treatment

All patients with infectious syphilis, chancroid, LGV, or granuloma inguinale are routinely contacted by public health staff. Patients diagnosed with genital herpes should be advised to notify their sex partners and should be informed that their partners should contact their provider for testing. Per CDC treatment guidelines, sex partners of patients who are diagnosed with early syphilis (primary, secondary, or early latent) and may be incubating disease should be treated regardless of test results. Alternative treatment for penicillin allergy among non-pregnant patients, such as an appropriate dosage of doxycycline, can also be found in the guidelines.

## RECOMMENDED REGIMENS FOR ANTIMICROBIALS LISTED ON REPORTS\*

## **GONORRHEA** -- Uncomplicated

Ceftriaxone 500 mg IM as a single dose for persons weighing < 150 kg (300 lbs), or 1 g IM as a single dose for persons weighing > 150 kg (300 lbs)

#### Alternatives for uncomplicated infections of the cervix, urethra, or rectum: ‡

Gentamicin 240 mg IM as a single dose PLUS azithromycin 2 g PO as a single dose OR Cefixime 800 mg orally as a single dose<sup>†</sup>

- † If treating with ceftriaxone or cefixime, and chlamydia infection has not been excluded, providers should treat for chlamydia with doxycycline 100 mg PO BID for 7 days. During pregnancy, azithromycin 1 g PO as a single dose is recommended to treat chlamydia.
- ‡ Ceftriaxone is the only recommended treatment for pharyngeal gonorrhea. Consult an infectious disease provider or other STD expert for assistance if alternative treatment is required.

#### CHLAMYDIA -- Uncomplicated

Doxycycline 100 mg PO BID for 7 days OR

Azithromycin 1g PO as a single dose

#### Alternatives:

Erythromycin (base) 500 mg PO QID for 7 days OR

Ethylsuccinate 800 mg PO QID for 7 days OR

Ofloxacin 300 mg PO BID for 7 days OR

Levofloxacin 500 mg PO for 7 days

#### SYPHILIS -- PRIMARY, SECONDARY, OR EARLY LATENT (<1 YEAR)

Benzathine penicillin G 2.4 million units IM in a single dose

#### SYPHILIS -- LATE OR UNKNOWN DURATION

Benzathine penicillin G 2.4 million units IM for 3 doses at 1-week intervals

DOH 347-102, updated 4/23/2021. For persons with disabilities, this document is available on request in other formats. To submit a request, please call 1-800-525-0127 (TDD/TTY 1-800-833-6388).

SHD RE: 20210707

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to "STD Diagnostic and Treatment Guidelines" or the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's (CDC's) website (https://www.cdc.gov/std/treatment/default.htm) for further information on treating pregnant patients, infections of the pharynx, patients with allergies, treatment of infants, and other details.